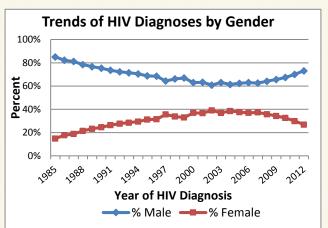
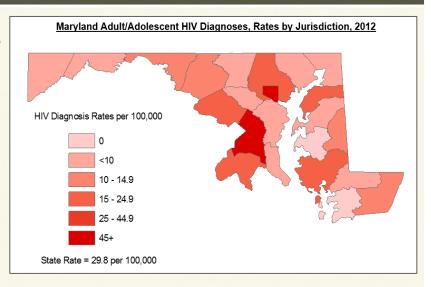
HIV IN MARYLAND, 2012 OCTOBER 2014

New HIV Diagnoses

- There were 1,466 adult/adolescent HIV cases (age 13+) diagnosed in Maryland in 2012. Baltimore City and Prince George's County had the highest rates of new HIV diagnoses.
- Proportion of HIV diagnoses in Maryland has decreased in men from 85.1% in 1985 to 73.1% in 2012 and has increased in women from 14.9% in 1985 to 26.9% in 2012.



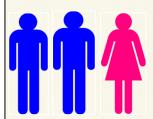


- Of the HIV diagnoses in 2012, 30.8% were among adults ages 20-29, 22.0% among those ages 40-49, and 21.3% were among those ages 30-39.
- **76.3%** of **1,466** reported HIV diagnoses (age 13+) were non-Hispanic (NH) black, **13.2%** NH white, **5.9%** Hispanic, and **4.6%** other races.

Characteristics of Marylanders Living with HIV

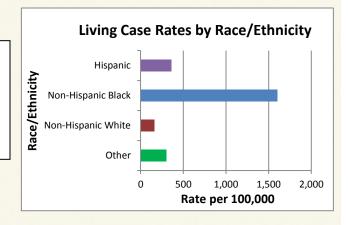
Exposure Category

- 32.2% MSM
- 29.5% IDU
- 34.4% HET
- 3.5% MSM/IDU
- 0.4% Other



Race/Ethnicity

- 76.5% NH Black
- 14.9% NH White
- 4.7% Hispanic
- 3.5% Other



- Case rates (per 100,000) were twice as high in males (806.0) as compared to females (410.7) or 1 in 124 males and 1 in 243 females were living with HIV in Maryland.
- At the end of 2012, there were **30,061** living adults/adolescents diagnosed with HIV in Maryland.
- Total living HIV case rates in Maryland were 5 to 10 times higher among NH blacks (1,602.0 cases) as compared to Hispanics (360.6) and NH whites (160.4).
- By risk group, HET is highest (34.4%) among those reported to be living with HIV in Maryland followed by MSM (32.2%) and IDU (29.5%).

MSM: Men who have Sex with Men; HET: Heterosexual Exposure; IDU: Injection Drug User